

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

AD- A134005

| <u> 59272 - 101</u> | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|
| REPORT DOCUMENTATION | 1. REPORT NO. | 2. | 3. Recipient's Accession No |
| PAGE 4. Title and Subtitle | WHOI-83-33 | 1 | MD-M134005 |
| The Long Term Upper | Ocean Study (LOTUS) | | October 1983 |
| | lydrographic Data Report | | 6. |
| ENDEAVOR 97 Apr | | - | |
| 7. Author(s) Richard P. Trask and I | Malbauma C. Prisago | | 8. Performing Organization Rept. No. WHOI-83-33 |
| 9. Performing Organization Name a | • | | 10. Project/Tesk/Work Unit No. |
| | | | Too vojest, tour, nou out to. |
| Woods Hole Oceanogra | | | 11. Contract(C) or Grant(G) No. |
| Woods Hole, Massachu | setts 02543 | | (c) N00014-76-C-0197; |
| | | | NR 083-400 |
| 12. Sponsoring Organization Name : | and Address | | 13. Type of Report & Period Covered |
| Office of Naval Rese | arch | | |
| Environmental Science | | | Technical |
| Arlington, VA 2221 | 7 | | 14. |
| 15. Supplementary Notes | | | |
| | | | |
| This report should be o | cited as: Woods Hole Oceanog. | Inst. Tech. Rept. Wh | IOI-83-33. |
| 16. Abstract (Limit: 200 words) | | | |
| FNDFAVOR cruise | number 97 (8-19 April, 1983) wa | es the ninth schedule | ed cruise to the Long Term |
| Upper Ocean Study (LO | TUS) area centered at 34°N, 70 | OW. During the crui | ise three LOTUS moorings |
| | o subsurface moorings) deploye | | |
| | entical set of moorings. The ne | | |
| | eld work. The LOTUS surface m | | |
| | en partially recovered one mont | | |
| | portion of the surface mooring recovered during ENDEAVOR 9 | | |
| | Draper Labs profiling current n | | |
| | | | |
| | included deploying three satellit | | |
| | TUS area. Several intercompar he LOTUS surface buoy and the | | |
| | ng 70 W between 40 N and 34 C | | made. An Abi section |
| | by the state of th | ••• | |
| | is a summary of the major crui | | t II presents the hydro- |
| graphic data (CTD and | XBT) collected during the cruis | e. | |
| 17. Document Analysis a, Descript | loss. | | |
| | | | |
| 1. LOTUS 2. Hydrographic Data | | | |
| 3. Sargasso Sea | | | |
| G | | | |
| b. Identifiers/Open-Ended Terms | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| c. COSATI Field/Group | | | |
| 18. Availability Statemen: | | 19. Security Class (This | |
| Approved for public re | elease; distribution unlimited. | Unclassified | 46 |
| _ | | 20. Security Class (This | Page) 22. Price |

The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS)

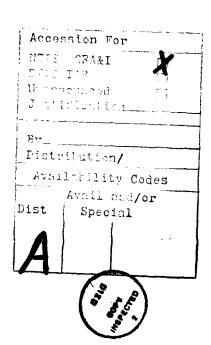
Cruise Summary and Hydrographic Data Report ENDEAVOR 97 April 1983

by

Richard P. Trask and Melbourne G. Briscoe

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
Woods Hole, Massachusetts

October 1983



Technical Report

Prepared for the Office of Naval Research under Contract N00014-76-C-0197; NR 083-400.

Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the United States Government. This report should be cited as: Woods Hole Oceanog. Inst. Tech. Rept. WHOI-83-33.

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

Approved for Distribution:

N. P. Folomoff, Chairman

Department of Physical Oceanography

AB STRACT

ENDEAVOR cruise number 97 (8-19 April, 1983) was the ninth scheduled cruise to the Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) area centered at 34°N, 70°W. During the cruise three LOTUS moorings (a near-surface and two subsurface moorings) deployed eleven months earlier were recovered and replaced by a nearly identical set of moorings. The new array will remain in the water during the final year of LOTUS field work. The LOTUS surface mooring, scheduled to be recovered during ENDEAVOR 97, had been partially recovered one month earlier after the mooring parted and drifted off station. The lower portion of the surface mooring which went to the bottom when the mooring failed was successfully recovered during ENDEAVOR 97. A new surface mooring replacing the one that parted and a C. S. Draper Labs profiling current meter mooring were also set during the cruise.

Non-mooring work included deploying three satellite tracked drifter buoys and completing five CTD stations in the LOTUS area. Several intercomparisons between shipborne meteorological sensors and similar sensors on the LOTUS surface buoy and the drifter buoys were made. An XBT section was also completed along 70°W between 40°N and 34°N.

Part I of this report is a summary of the major cruise activities and part II presents the hydrographic data (CTD and XBT) collected during the cruise.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page |
|--|------|
| LIST OF FIGURES | 4 |
| LIST OF TABLES | 5 |
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS | 6 |
| INTRODUCTION | 7 |
| PART I: Cruise Summary | 11 |
| PART II: Hydrographic Data | 17 |
| a. CTD Data | 17 |
| b. XBT Data | 32 |
| REFERENCES | 36 |
| APPENDIX I: Recovery of LOTUS-4 | 37 |
| APPENDIX II: Chronological Log of ENDEAVOR cruise number 097 | 41 |

LIST OF FIGURES

| Figure | Number | Page |
|--------|--|------|
| 1. | Chart showing the LOTUS area in the Western North Atlantic | 8 |
| 2. | A chart showing the locations of the LOTUS moorings following ENDEAVOR cruise 97. | 13 |
| 3. | Mooring diagrams of the four LOTUS moorings set during ENDEAVOR 97. | 14 |
| 4. | Chart of the LOTUS area showing the location of the CTD/IR stations made during ENDEAVOR 97. | 18 |
| 5. | CTD station 1. Profiles of potential temperature and salinity, and Brunt Väisälä frequency and potential density for the upper 750 meters and for the entire cast. | 22 |
| 6. | CTD station 2. Profiles of potential temperature and salinity, and Brunt Väisälä frequency and potential density for the upper 750 meters and for the entire cast. | 24 |
| 7. | CTD station 3. Profiles of potential temperature and salinity, and Brunt Väisälä frequency and potential density for the upper 750 meters and for the entire cast. | 26 |
| 8. | CTD station 4. Profiles of potential temperature and salinity, and Brunt Väisälä frequency and potential density for the upper 750 meters and for the entire cast. | 28 |
| 9. | CTD station 5. Profiles of potential temperature and salinity, and Brunt Väisälä frequency and potential density for the upper 202 meters. | 30 |
| 10. | Chart showing the location of individual XBTs taken during the trip south. | 33 |
| 11. | XBT section from southbound trip along 70°W between 40°N and 34°N. | 34 |
| 12. | An overplot of all the XBTs taken in the LOTUS area during ENDEAVOR 97. | 35 |
| A-1. | LOTUS-4 mooring diagram. | 38 |
| A-2. | The track the LOTUS-4 surface buoy followed after the mooring parted. | 39 |
| A-3. | Cruise track of ENDEAVOR cruise number 97. | 46 |

LIST OF TABLES

| Table | Number | Page |
|-------|--|------|
| 1. | Table of LOTUS reports issued/to be issued. | 9 |
| 2. | Offsets between LORAN positions and geographical (satellite) positions. | 10 |
| 3. | A summary of the mooring work conducted during ENDEAVOR cruise 97 in the LOTUS area. | 15 |
| 4. | A summary of the CTD/IR work conducted on ENDEAVOR cruise 97. | 20 |
| 5. | Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 1. | 21 |
| 6. | Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 2. | 23 |
| 7. | Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 3. | 25 |
| 8. | Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 4. | 27 |
| 9. | Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 5. | 29 |

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The moorings set during ENDEAVOR cruise number 97 were designed, prepared and deployed by the WHOI Buoy Group, composed of personnel from the Physical Oceanography Department and the Ocean Structures and Moorings Section of the Ocean Engineering Department.

We are grateful for the skill of Captain John Tate and the personnel of the R/V ENDEAVOR. The expertise of Captain Emerson Hiller and the cooperation displayed by the personnel of the R/V KNORR greatly simplified the untimely recovery of the LOTUS-4 surface mooring. We sincerely thank Nancy Pennington who was responsible for organizing the graphics displayed in this report and for her review of the text.

This work was supported by the Office of Naval Research under Contract No. N00014-76-C-0197, NR 083-400.

Introduction

The main purpose of ENDEAVOR cruise 97 was to recover the Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) moored array located in the vicinity of 34°N, 70°W, and to deploy a nearly identical array as a continuation of the two year long LOTUS field program (Briscoe and Trask, 1983). The recovery of the moored array produced the first year of current meter data from the LOTUS site thus marking the mid-point in the field program.

Figure 1 shows the LOTUS area (33°-35°N, 69°-71°W) relative to the Gulf Stream, the east coast of the United States and Bermuda. The site is in the mid-ocean away from the direct influences of topography and the Gulf Stream, in the path of hurricanes and Gulf Stream rings and at the edge of the region of eighteen degree water formation and high eddy kinetic energy.

The deployment of the moored array during ENDEAVOR 97 was the third of four science deployments planned for the LOTUS experiment. The first science deployment designated LOTUS-3 occurred in May 1982 and consisted of a surface mooring, a near-surface mooring and two subsurface moorings. Details of that deployment can be found in Trask and Briscoe (1983). The LOTUS surface mooring is replaced every six months whereas the near-surface and subsurface moorings are replaced once a year. In October-November 1982 the surface mooring deployed in May was replaced by a nearly identical surface mooring which was designated as LOTUS-4 (Trask and Briscoe, 1983). During ENDEAVOR 97 approximately eleven months after the original deployment the entire moored array was replaced. Part I of this report summarizes the major cruise events including the mooring work and the deployment of three satellite tracked drifter buoys. Part II presents the CTD stations and XBT section made during the cruise.

Following each LOTUS cruise a report of similar content to this will be issued. With the recovery of the entire moored array during ENDEAVOR 97 a data report presenting the moored current meter and thermistor chain data will be available. Table 1 gives the nominal contents and publication dates of the LOTUS report series.

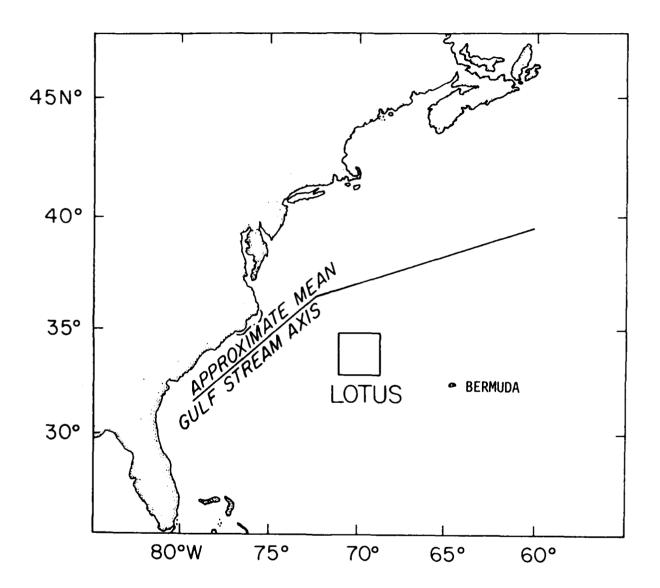


Figure 1. The location of the Long Upp -Ocean Study (LOTUS) area.

Table 1. LOTUS-related WHOI Technical Reports.

PRESENTLY AVAILABLE REPORTS

| Title | WHOI No. | Date |
|---|---------------|-----------|
| Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) A Summary of the Historical Data and Engineering Test Data. | 82-53 | Dec 82 |
| The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) Cruise Summary and Hydrographic Data Report, CCEANUS 119 - May 1982. | 83-7 | Feb 83 |
| The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) Cruise Summary and Hydrographic Data Report, OCEANUS 129, Oct 1982. | 83-29 | Aug 83 |
| Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) at 34°N, 70°W Meteorological Sensors, Data, and Heat Fluxes for May-October 1982 (LOTUS-3 and LOTUS-4). | 83-32 | Sept 83 |
| * The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) Cruise Summary and Hydrographic Data Report, ENDEAVOR 97, April 1983. | 83-33 | Oct 83 |
| PLANNED FUTURE REPORTS | | |
| Subject | Expected Avai | ilability |
| An introduction to the experiment and its instrumentation. | 1983 | |
| Current meter data report, LOTUS-3 and 4. | Oct 83 | 3 |
| Cruise summary and hydrographic data report, October 83. | Apr 84 | l |
| Meteorological data report, LOTUS-5. | | |
| • | Apr 84 | ŀ |
| Cruise summary and hydrographic data report, April 84. | Apr 84 | |
| Cruise summary and hydrographic data report, | • | L |
| Cruise summary and hydrographic data report, April 84. | Oct 84 | i |

^{*} This report.

Navigation

During ENDEAVOR 97 two systems of navigation, both based on LORAN C, were utilized. Positions from the more conventional system which has been used during previous LOTUS cruises are based on the geographical calculation performed by the Northstar 7000 LORAN-C unit. The second system uses only the time delays from the Northstar 7000 unit. A position is determined by an independent geographical calculation which makes use of a knowledge of the additional secondary phase factors for the LOTUS area and the transit region. The calculation is performed by a Hewlett-Packard 85 desk top computer, thus the second system has been termed NAV85. Confirmation of the accuracy of NAV85 through simultaneous satellite derived positions was not possible during ENDEAVOR 97 since the ship was not equipped with a navigation satellite receiver. For this reason the NAV85 system continues to be in a development stage. All positions shown in this report are based on the geographical calculation performed by the Northstar 7000 LORAN-C unit.

The Northstar algorithm provides a geographical position that is southeast of the true (satellite based) position. From numerous simultaneous position fixes in the LOTUS area we have determined an average offset of the LORAN-based calculation. Table 2 shows the offsets and standard deviations for the Northstar 7000. Positions listed in Tables and Figures in this report are all the Northstar 7000 positions; to convert to absolute geographical positions the offsets shown for the Northstar 7000 in Table 2 should be added.

Table 2. Offsets (and standard deviations) <u>from LORAN</u> position <u>to</u> geographical position, based on simultaneous LORAN and satellite position fixes (GEOG = LORAN + OFFSET).

| | OFFSET | (S.D.) | OFFSET (S.D.) | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------|--|--|
| UNIT | North | North West | | Bearing | | |
| Northstar 7000 | 1.07' (.15) | 1.24' (.16) | 2.76' (.32) | 316° (4) | | |

^{* 1} km = .54 nautical miles.

PART I
Cruise Summary
ENDEAVOR 97
April 1983

Cruise number 97 of the R/V ENDEAVOR left Woods Hole on 8 April 1983 bound for the LOTUS area, i.e. the vicinity of 34°N, 70°W. The trip was the ninth* in a series of cruises planned for the LOTUS experiment. The cruise was twelve days long with the ENDEAVOR returning to Woods Hole on 19 April.

During the cruise the LOTUS near-surface and two subsurface moorings were recovered in their entirety along with approximately the lower 3400 m of the LOTUS surface mooring which had parted on 18 February 1983. The upper portion of the surface mooring containing the surface buoy and most of the instrumentation was recovered 236 kilometers west-southwest of its anchor position by the R/V KNORR on 10 March 1983. Details of the premature recovery of the LOTUS-4 surface buoy appear in Appendix I.

Upon arriving in the LOTUS area the remaining instrumentation and backup buoyancy from the parted surface mooring (mooring number 770) were recovered and a new surface mooring (mooring number 787) was deployed. The near-surface mooring (mooring number 766), east intermediate mooring (mooring number 765) and south intermediate mooring (mooring number 764) were recovered and replaced by moorings 788, 789 and 790 respectively, which were nearly identical to their recovered counterparts. Each mooring was recovered and replaced before attempting another recovery. This deployment of the LOTUS moored array has been designated as LOTUS-5.

Prior to the recovery of mooring 765 three test releases on the mooring were interrogated in order to evaluate their performance after one year. The test releases were then redeployed for an additional year on mooring 789.

Upon arriving at the deployed anchor position of mooring 764 the release did not respond to interrogation. An attempt however was made to fire the release. A faint warble from the radio on the mooring was detected approximately 20 minutes later indicating that the mooring had come to the surface. A series of ship maneuvers and relative radio signal intensities indicated that the

^{*} This does not include ship-of-opportunity work to the LOTUS area.

mooring was to the southwest of its deployed anchor position. The distance between the deployed anchor position and the final recovery site of 764 was 22 km. Since the mooring could not drift this far in the time period between firing the release and recovering the mooring it is therefore assumed that the mooring dragged its anchor sometime during the deployment period. An attempt will be made to determine the approximate time when the mooring moved after examining the current meter records.

Additional mooring work in the LOTUS area consisted of setting a C. S. Draper Labs-M.I.T. profiling current meter (PCM) mooring in cooperation with C. Eriksen of MIT. Figure 2 is a chart of a section of the LOTUS area showing the location of the four LOTUS moorings and the PCM mooring following ENDEAVOR cruise 97. Mooring diagrams appear in Figure 3. The instrument depths shown in Figure 3 are design depths, actual depths may vary slightly. Table 3 summarizes the mooring deployment times and positions.

Non-mooring work included the deployment of three satellite tracked drifter buoys in cooperation with W. Large (NCAR). Each drifter has a two meter tower on which are mounted several meteorological sensors which measure wind speed and direction, air temperature and relative humidity. Sea surface temperature is measured by a thermistor in contact with the buoy hull. Ten subsurface temperature measurements are made by a 125 meter long electromechanical cable that hangs below the drifter. Nine of the ten temperature measurements are made above 50 meters depth and the tenth is made at 100 meters. This particular sampling scheme was chosen in order to monitor the establishment and destruction of the daily thermocline as well as the establishment of the seasonal thermocline in response to strong surface heating.

Also at 100 m there is a hydrophone which measures ambient acoustic noise at three frequencies between 4 and 15 kilohertz. These signals will be used to infer wind stress and speed at the surface and also to tell when it is raining.

Tracking and data acquisition are achieved with an ARGOS satellite based data collection system. The data collected by the drifter buoy is transmitted via satellite to the National Environmental Satellite Service (NESS) center in Maryland and then to the ARGOS processing center in France where a position is computed, the data is processed and put on tape. The information is then transmitted back to Maryland where the most recent data can be accessed by telephone.

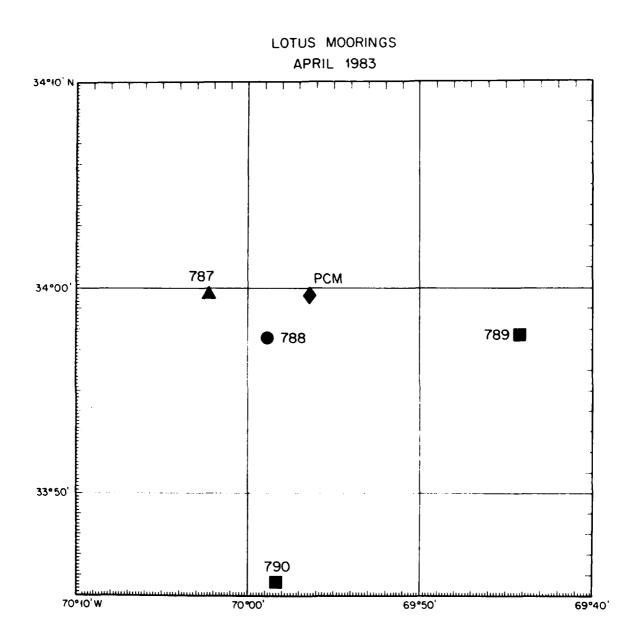


Figure 2. A chart of a section of the LOTUS area showing the location of the LOTUS surface mooring (♠), near-surface mooring (♠), and subsurface moorings (♠) following ENDEAVOR cruise 97.

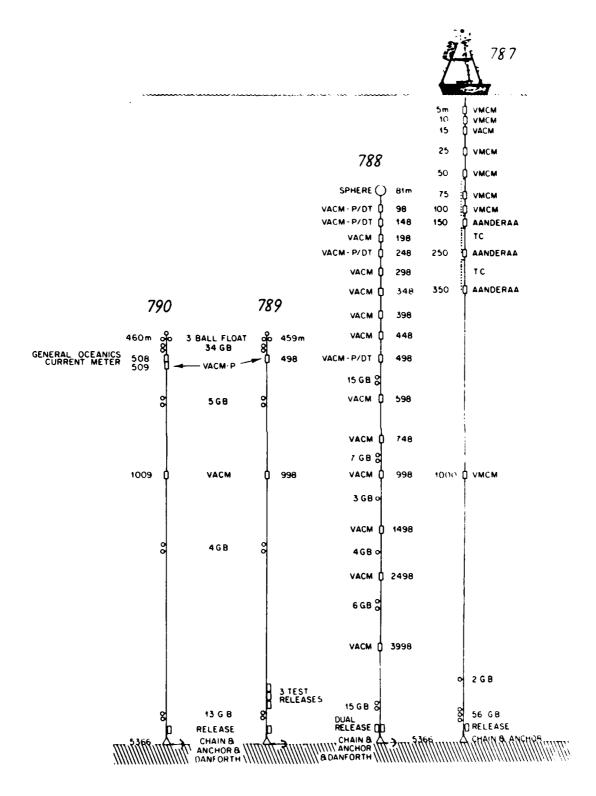


Figure 3. Mooring diagrams of the four LOTUS moorings set during ENDEAVOR 97. The instrument depths shown are design depths, actual depths may vary slightly.

Table 3. A summary of the mooring work conducted during ENDEAVOR cruise 97 in the LOTUS area.

| Mooring ID | Date/Time Set | LORAN-C Anchor Position |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 787 LOTUS-5 Surface Mooring | 12 April 83/0048Z | 33°59.64'N 70°02.22'W |
| 788 LOTUS-5 Near-surface | 13 April 83/0447Z | 33°57.58'N 69°58.88'W |
| 789 LOTUS-5 East Intermediate | 14 April 83/2041Z | 33°57.66'N* 69°44.13'W |
| 790 LOTUS-5 South Intermediate | 15 April 83/1740Z | 33°45.65'N* 69°58.38'W |
| PCM-Zeta MIT-Draper Labs Profiling Current Meter | 16 April 83/0349Z | 33°59.60'N 69°56.38'W |

^{*} Position of anchor drop.

Another phase of work conducted during ENDEAVOR 97 was concerned with the meteorological sensors mounted on the LOTUS surface buoy (mooring number 787). As on previous LOTUS surface buoys there are three independent meteorological packages two of which are telemetering data via the ARGOS satellite system. In addition there was on the ship a suite of meteorological sensors attached to a tower located at the bow. On several occasions the ship was positioned close to the buoy for an intercomparison of the ship-borne sensors and the buoy mounted sensors (in particular the telemetering sensors). Real time telemetered data was available from an ARGOS receiver on board ship. A comparison of drifter buoy sensors and the ship-borne sensors was also made in the same manner.

An XBT section was made during the trip south to the LOTUS area and 5 CTD stations were completed while in the LOTUS area. Details of the XBT and CTD work are presented in Part II of this report. A chronological log of ENDEAVOR cruise 97 along with a plot of the cruise track appear in Appendix II.

PART II

Hydrographic Data

a. CTD Data

Five CTD station were made in the LOTUS area (Figure 4) during ENDEAVOR cruise 97. The CTD measurements were made by a Neil Brown Instrument Systems internal recording conductivity-temperature-depth profiler (CTD/IR). Mechanical and operational details of the LOTUS CTD/IR are found in Trask (1981).

CTD stations 1 and 4 were made in close proximity to the east and south subsurface moorings respectively. Stations 2 and 3 were made to the north and west of the moored array respectively. Station 5 consists of a series of shallow yo-yos (several down and up profiles) between the surface and 202 meters in the vicinity of the PCM mooring. These short profiles were made at approximately the same time and over the same depth range that the PCM instrument was designed to operate.

Stations 2 and 3 are slightly shallower than planned due to a combination of winch problems, large wire angles and early messenger drops. A summary of the CTD/IR stations taken during ENDEAVOR cruise 97 appear in Table 4.

Calibration and preliminary data processing procedures are found in Briscoe and Trask (1983); a brief summary follows.

Data Presentation

The CTD/IR data are presented in two forms, tabular listings and graphical profiles. The profiles are reproductions of the original computer plots. Included here are profiles of potential temperature, salinity, Brunt Väisälä frequency, and potential density referenced to the surface (Figures 5-9). Full depth profiles as well as profiles of the upper 750 meters are presented. In addition a potential temperature-salinity diagram is presented for each station. The listings of data (Tables 5-9) include the above parameters plus sigma-t, potential temperature gradient, dynamic height, and sound speed, all at standard pressures as well as at the design depths of the instrumentation on the moorings.

The heading of the tabular listing includes the ship name (EN = ENDEAVOR) and cruise number, CTD number, year, year day, time, the latitude and longitude (LORAN-7000 position) of the CTD station when it started and the water depth at

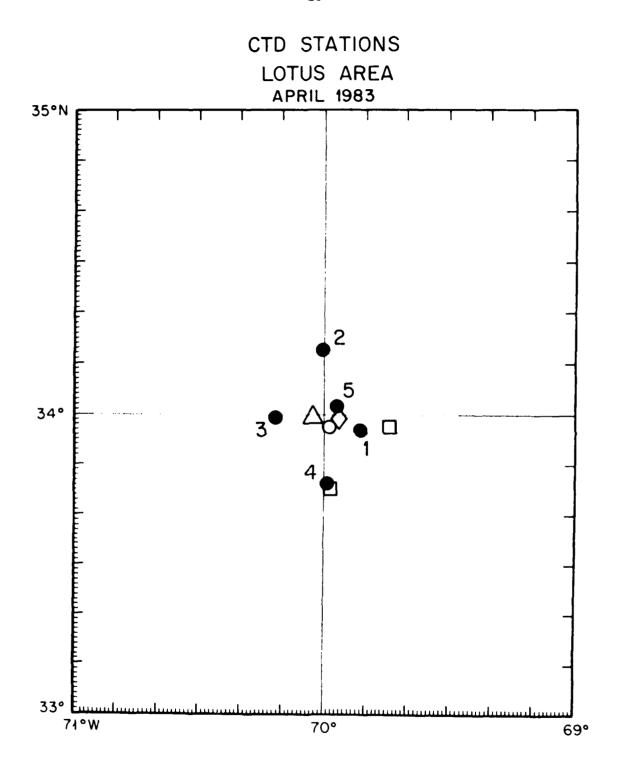


Figure 4. Chart of the LOTUS area showing the locations of the CTD/IR stations

(●) made during ENDEAVOR 97 and their proximity to the LOTUS surface mooring

(△), near-surface mooring (○), and subsurface moorings (□).

that station. Abbreviations used in the listings include PRESS for pressure, TEMP for temperature, SALIN for salinity, POTEMP for potential temperature, POTGRD for potential temperature gradient, POTDEN for potential density, BR-V for Brunt Väisälä frequency, SSPEED for sound speed and DYNHGT for dynamic height.

Summary of Calibration and Data Processing Procedures

The CTD/IR routinely undergoes pre-cruise laboratory calibrations at WHOI. The laboratory calibration of the temperature and pressure sensors is relied on totally for adjusting the calibration coefficients of those sensors. The conductivity sensor is calibrated using water samples collected at the bottom of each cast. Based on a comparison of the water sample salinities and the CTD/IR conductivity readings a conductivity cell factor is computed for each station. The cell factor is the scaling factor by which the measured conductivity must be multiplied to obtain the "true" conductivity. The conductivity values of the entire cast are then multiplied by the appropriate cell factor to obtain the "true" conductivities.

The preliminary CTD/IR data processing is accomplished with a SEA DATA 12A cassette reader and Asynchronous Reader Interface in conjunction with a Hewlett Packard (HP) 85 desk top computer and HP 5.25 inch flexible disc drive, printer and 7225B plotter. The preliminary processing presently takes the raw down cast data from cassette and applies the appropriate calibration coefficients, edits wild points, applies a pressure and conductivity sensor time lag correction, pressure averages the data (2 dbar pressure range) and stores the data on flexible disc.

All salinity computations are based on the 1978 Practical Salinity Scale (Lewis and Perkin, 1981) as recommended by the Joint Panel on Oceanographic Tables and Standards. Further processing incorporates the new equation of state for sea water (Millero, et al., 1980) for computing density and its related parameters such as specific volume and specific volume anomaly. Potential temperature at a reference pressure is computed using a fourth order Runge Kutta integration algorithm (Fofonoff, 1977) which uses the Bryden (1973) polynomial for adiabatic lapse rate. Sound speed calculations are based on the algorithms of Chen and Millero (1977). These algorithms are the basis of

further computations which yield quantities of sigma-t, sigma-theta, dynamic height, potential temperature gradients and Brunt-Väisälä frequency. The Brunt-Väisälä frequency calculation incorporates a sliding least squares fit to the potential density data over user specified smoothing windows. Four windows were chosen for this calculation. A smoothing interval of 10 dbars was used between 0 and 150 dbars, a 30 dbar interval between 150 and 1500 dbars, 62 dbar interval between 1500 and 3500 dbars and a 90 dbar smoothing interval between 3500 dbars and the bottom.

Table 4: A summary of the CTD/IR work conducted on ENDEAVOR cruise 97.

| CTD Station | Date (year day) | Start Time (UTC) | Deployed Position Lat. (N) Long. (W) | Pressure Range (dbar) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1 | ll April 83 (101) | 1338 | 33°56.99' 69°51.22' | 0-5088 |
| 2 | 12 April 83 (102) | 0542 | 34°12.43' 70°00.51' | 0-4710 |
| 3 | 13 April 83 (103) | 0634 | 33°59.14' 70°11.19' | 0-4908 |
| 4 | 15 April 83 (105) | 1800 | 33°46.25' 69°59.21' | 0-5306 |
| 5 | 17 April 83 (107) | 1359 | 34°01.53' 69°57.12' | 0-202 |

Table 5: Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 1.

| EN097 | CTD OC |)1 15 | 983 101 1 | 77 87 | 33 56.9 | 3QN 4Q 5 | 1.22W | er man er F | . 57//- |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|-------------|---------|
| PRESS | TEMP | SALIN | POTEMP | | | | | | 9366m |
| dbar | OC. | | OC | POTGRD | SIGMA-t | POTDEN | BR-V | SSFEED | DYNHGT |
| | | psu | | m [©] C/db | - | _ | cph | m/s | dàu w |
| 2. | 19.993 | 36.381 | 19.993 | 0.00 | 25.834 | 25.819 | 0.00 | 1523.0 | 0.0000 |
| 6. | 19.985 | 36.412 | 19.984 | 3.10 | 25.860 | 25.845 | 3.75 | 1523.1 | .0088 |
| 10. | 19.984 | 36.423 | 19.982 | 2.18 | 25.869 | 25.854 | 2.50 | 1523.2 | .0176 |
| 16. | 19.979 | 36.435 | 19.976 | 87 | 25.879 | 25.865 | 1.82 | 1523.3 | .0303 |
| 20. | 19.978 | 36.435 | 19.974 | 58 | 25.880 | 25.865 | 1.07 | 1523.3 | .0387 |
| 26. | 19.970 | 36.436 | 19.965 | 1.59 | 25.882 | 25.868 | . 54 | 1523.4 | .0519 |
| 30. | 19.971 | 36.436 | 19.966 | .72 | 25.882 | 25.868 | 86 | 1523.5 | .0597 |
| 36. | 19.969 | 36.436 | 19.962 | 3.88 | 25.883 | 25.869 | 1.53 | 1523.6 | .0726 |
| 5 0. | 17.916 | 36.446 | 19.907 | 13.15 | 25.904 | 25.891 | 3.06 | 1523.7 | .1025 |
| 66. | 19.762 | 36.457 | 19.750 | 7.15 | 25 <i>.9</i> 53 | 25.941 | 2.15 | 1523.5 | .1365 |
| 76. | 19.734 | 36.459 | 19.720 | 1.13 | 25.962 | 25.950 | 1.18 | 1523.6 | . 1568 |
| 100. | 19.607 | 36.482 | 19.588 | 16.90 | 26.014 | 26.003 | 3.77 | 1523.7 | .2063 |
| 126. | 19.377 | 34.508 | 19.354 | 14.03 | 26.093 | 26.084 | 3.28 | 1523.5 | . 2589 |
| 150. | 19.160 | 36.528 | 19.133 | 18.95 | 26.165 | 26.156 | 2.88 | 1523.3 | .3049 |
| 200. | 18.839 | 36.529 | 18.803 | 6.82 | 26.248 | 26.242 | 1.91 | 1523.3 | .3991 |
| 250. | 18.705 | 36.527 | 18.560 | 4.99 | 26.281 | 26.277 | 1.17 | 1523.7 | .4908 |
| 300. | 18.642 | 36.528 | 18.588 | .18 | 26.2 9 8 | 26.296 | 1.32 | 1524.4 | .5825 |
| 350. | 18.491 | 36.526 | 18.429 | 23.74 | 26.335 | 26.335 | 2.08 | 1524.7 | .6733 |
| 400. | 18.277 | 36.536 | 18.206 | 9.01 | 26.396 | 26.399 | 1.72 | 1525.0 | .7631 |
| 450. | 18.005 | 36.514 | 17.927 | 4.77 | 26.447 | 26.451 | 1.77 | 1525.0 | .8509 |
| 500. | 17.791 | 36.491 | 17.704 | 1.01 | 26.482 | 26.489 | 1.41 | 1525.2 | .9371 |
| 55°. | 17.515 | 36.445 | 17.420 | 7.30 | 26.515 | 26.523 | 1.95 | 1525.1 | 1.0230 |
| 600. | 17.220 | 36.395 | 17.118 | 4.12 | 26.549 | 26.558 | 1.86 | 1525.0 | 1.1081 |
| 65 0. | 16.357 | 36.236 | 16.251 | 8.81 | 26.632 | 26.642 | 2.24 | 1523.1 | 1.1906 |
| 700. | 15.769 | 36.135 | 15.656 | 58.35 | 26.691 | 26.701 | 2.68 | 1522.0 | 1.2706 |
| 7 5 0. | 14.726 | 35.961 | 14.611 | 13.51 | 26.790 | 26.799 | 2.83 | 1519.3 | 1.3466 |
| 800. | 13.729 | 35.805 | 13.612 | 19.99 | 26.883 | 26.892 | 2.37 | 1516.8 | 1.4181 |
| 900. | 11.220 | 35.448 | 11.104 | 43.52 | 27.102 | 27.106 | 2.91 | 1509.5 | 1.5478 |
| 1000. | 9.223 | 35.224 | 9.107 | -11.14 | 27.277 | 27.277 | 2.95 | 1503.8 | 1.6565 |
| 1100. | 7.299 | 35.116 | 7.187 | 8.67 | 27.488 | 27.484 | 2.30 | 1498.1 | 1.7455 |
| 1200. | 6.210 | 35.083 | 6.096 | 11.37 | 27.611 | 27.606 | 2.21 | 1495.5 | 1.8175 |
| 1300. | 5.474 | 35.064 | 5.357 | 13.10 | 27.690 | 27.683 | 1.86 | 1494.2 | 1.8793 |
| 1400. | 5.097 | 35.059 | 4.974 | 2.62 | 27.732 | 27.725 | 1.00 | 1494.3 | 1.9347 |
| 1500. | 4.755 | 35.038 | 4.626 | . 68 | 27.755 | 27.749 | .88 | 1494.6 | 1.9875 |
| 1600. | 4.540 | 35.028 | 4.404 | 1.45 | 27.771 | 27.765 | .79 | 1495.3 | 2.0387 |
| 1800. | 4.241 | 35.012 | 4.090 | .33 | 27.791 | 27.786 | .66 | 1497.4 | 2.1389 |
| 2000. | 4.002 | 35.004 | 3.835 | 1.64 | 27.810 | 27.807 | .64 | 1499.8 | 2.2375 |
| 2200. | 3.816 | 35.000 | 3.632 | .89 | 27.827 | 27.824 | .69 | 1502.4 | 2.3342 |
| 2400. | 3.571 | 34.985 | 3.371 | .07 | 27.840 | 27.838 | .68 | 1504.7 | 2.4293 |
| 2500. | 3.507 | 34.986 | 3.298 | 1.59 | 27.847 | 27.846 | .69 | 1506.1 | 2.4763 |
| 2600. | 3.397 | 34.980 | 3.179 | . 24 | 27.853 | 27.852 | .64 | 1507.3 | 2.5229 |
| 2800. | J.205 | 34.967 | 2.971 | 1.33 | 27.861 | 27.862 | .62 | 1509.9 | 2.6152 |
| 3000. | 3.0 5 5 | 34.956 | 2.803 | 1.85 | 27.867 | 27.868 | .70 | 1512.6 | 2.7068 |
| 3200. | 2.866 | 34.946 | 2.597 | .39 | 27.876 | 27.878 | .57 | 1515.2 | 2.7968 |
| 3400. | 2.719 | 34.938 | 2.431 | 1.61 | 27.883 | 27.886 | .58 | 1518.0 | 2.8857 |
| 3600. | 2.592 | 34.930 | 2.286 | . 15 | 27.888 | 27.892 | .55 | 1520.9 | 2.9735 |
| 3 8 00. | 2.503 | 34.923 | 2.178 | .56 | 27.889 | 27.895 | .50 | 1523.9 | 3.0607 |
| 4000. | 2.427 | 34.918 | 2.081 | .74 | 27.892 | 27.900 | .46 | 1527.0 | 3.0807 |
| 4200. | 2.368 | 34.913 | 2.000 | . 25 | 27.893 | 27.902 | .32 | 1530.2 | 3.2362 |
| 4400. | 2.341 | 34,908 | 1.950 | .15 | 27.891 | 27.902 | .27 | 1533.6 | 3.7252 |
| 4600. | 2.329 | 34.904 | 1.915 | .12 | 27.889 | 27.901 | .22 | 1557.0 | 7.4159 |
| 4800. | 2.320 | 34.901 | 1.881 | .25 | 27.888 | 27.902 | .23 | 1540.4 | 3.5084 |
| 5000. | 2.313 | 34.897 | 1.850 | .08 | 27.885 | 27.901 | .29 | 1543.8 | |
| | | - · , , | | 1 OC | A. / • UUU | 4m / ● 7 1/2 I | • 4-7 | 1075.0 | 3.6029 |

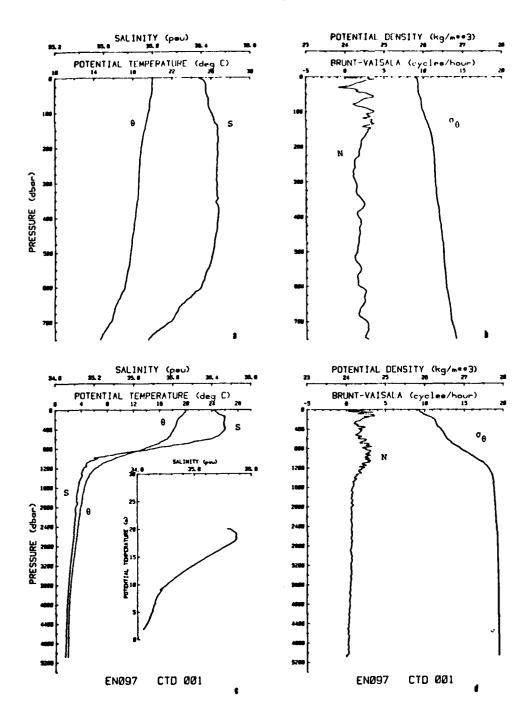


Figure 5. CTD station 1. Profiles of potential temperature (θ) and salinity (S), and Brunt-Väisälä frequency (N) and potential density (σ_{θ}) for the upper 750 m (a and b respectively) and for the entire cast (c and d respectively). θ -S diagram included in c.

Table 6: Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 2.

| EN097 | CTD 00 | 2 19 | 83 102 0 | 542Z | 34 12.4 | ISN 70-0 | 0.51W | corrD | : 5391m |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| PRESS | TEMP | SALIN | POTEMP | POTGRD | SIGMA-t | POTDEN | BR-V | SSPEED | DYNHGT |
| dbar | oc. | psu | °C | m ^O C/db | kg/m**3 | kg/m**3 | cph | m/s | dyn m |
| 2. | 19.924 | 36.454 | 19.923 | 0.00 | 25.908 | 25.893 | 0.00 | 1522.9 | 0.0000 |
| 6. | 19.951 | 36.441 | 19.950 | -6.02 | 25.891 | 25.876 | -2.74 | 1523.0 | .0083 |
| 10. | 19.960 | 36.440 | 19.958 | -2.05 | 25.888 | 25.873 | -1.13 | 1523.1 | .0168 |
| 16. | 19.962 | 36.439 | 19.959 | 03 | 25.887 | 25.872 | 92 | 1523.2 | .0289 |
| 20. | 19.964 | 36.438 | 19.960 | .07 | 25.886 | 25.871 | ~.50 | 1523.3 | .0378 |
| 26. | 19.965 | 36.438 | 19.960 | . 54 | 25.886 | 25.871 | .69 | 1523.4 | .0507 |
| 30. | 19.963 | 36.439 | 19.957 | .40 | 25.887 | 25.872 | .86 | 1523.5 | .0593 |
| 36. | 19.952 | 36.438 | 19.945 | 2.87 | 25.889 | 25.875 | 1.24 | 1523.5 | .0719 |
| 50. | 19.919 | 36.436 | 19.910 | 5.81 | 25.896 | 25.883 | 2.56 | 1523.7 | .1016 |
| 55. | 19.824 | 36.443 | 19.812 | 3.29 | 25.926 | 25.914 | 2.64 | 1523.7 | .1359 |
| 76. | 19.741 | 36.449 | 19.727 | 11.24 | 25.952 | 25.941 | 3.01 | 1523.6 | .1570 |
| 100. | 19.614 | 36.461 | 19.595 | 8.29 | 25.996 | 25.985 | 2.79 | 1523.7 | .2065 |
| 126. | 19.528 | 36.462 | 19.505 | 38 | 26.018 | 26.009 | 1.02 | 1523.9 | . 2595 |
| 150. | 19.525 | 36.468 | 19.497 | 1.48 | 26.024 | 26.016 | 2.05 | 1524.3 | .3079 |
| 200. | 19.108 | 36.518 | 19.072 | 17.22 | 26.171 | 26.165 | 2.77 | 1524.0 | .4077 |
| 250. | 18.864 | 36.530 | 18.819 | 4.76 | 26.242 | 26.239 | 1.73 | 1524.2 | .5014 |
| 300. | 18.661 | 36.530 | 18.607 | 11.37 | 26.295 | 26.293 | 1.88 | 1524.4 | .5945 |
| 350. | 18.517 | 36.534 | 18.455 | 12.73 | 26.334 | 26.335 | 2.04 | 1524.8 | .6855 |
| 400. | 18.208 | 36.525 | 18.138 | 9.15 | 26.405 | 26.408 | 1.80 | 1524.8 | .7750 |
| 450. | 17.941 | 36.500 | 17.862 | 11.97 | 26.452 | 26.456 | 1.68 | 1524.8 | .8623 |
| 500. | 17.647 | 36.468 | 17.561 | 6.45 | 26.500 | 26.507 | 1.43 | 1524.7 | .9482 |
| 55 0. | 17.462 | 36.436 | 17.368 | 3.28 | 26.521 | 26.529 | 1.44 | 1525.0 | 1.0330 |
| 600 . | 17.163 | 36.389 | 17.062 | 6.65 | 26.557 | 26.567 | 1.85 | 1524.9 | 1.1173 |
| 650. | 16.574 | 36.281 | 16.467 | 14.87 | 26.615 | 26.626 | 2.21 | 1523.8 | 1.2005 |
| 700. | 15.812 | 36.144 | 15.699 | 13.04 | 26.588 | 26.698 | 2.74 | 1522.1 | 1.2809 |
| 750. | 14.850 | 35.983 | 14.735 | 6.90 | 26.780 | 26.789 | 2.44 | 1519.8 | 1.3569 |
| 800. 900. | 14.041 12.185 | 35.855 35.580 | 13.922 | 11.17 | 26.856 | 26.865 | 2.63 | 1517.8 | 1.4300 |
| 1000. | 9.522 | 35.258 | 12.063 9.404 | .55 9.01 | 27.021 27.254 | 27.028 | 2.48 2.59 | 1513.0 1504.9 | 1.5642 |
| 1100. | 7.690 | 35.130 | 7.575 | 13.36 | 27.234 | 27.255 27.440 | 2.82 | 1499.6 | 1.6791 |
| 1200. | 6.372 | 35.086 | 6.257 | 1.28 | 27.593 | 27.587 | 1.86 | 1477.0 | 1.7733 1.8482 |
| 1300. | 5.674 | 35.066 | 5.555 | 14.52 | 27.667 | 27.661 | 1.86 | 1495.0 | 1.9123 |
| 1400. | 5.203 | 35.053 | 5.079 | 9.36 | 27.715 | 27.708 | 1.56 | 1494.7 | 1.9705 |
| 1500. | 4.886 | 35.044 | 4.755 | 3.86 | 27.745 | 27.739 | 1.13 | 1495.1 | 2.0250 |
| 1500. | 4.647 | 35.034 | 4.510 | .57 | 27.764 | 27.758 | .82 | 1495.8 | 2.0775 |
| 1800. | 4.281 | 35.013 | 4.128 | .58 | 27.788 | 27.783 | .66 | 1497.6 | 2.1793 |
| 2000. | 4.086 | 35.006 | 3.917 | 34 | 27.803 | 27.800 | .65 | 1500.1 | 2.2791 |
| 2200. | 3 .9 00 | 35.001 | 3.714 | 1.67 | 27.819 | 27.817 | . 64 | 1502.7 | 2.778 |
| 2400. | 3.671 | 34.991 | 3.469 | 38 | | 27.833 | .71 | 1505.1 | 2.4751 |
| 2500. | 3.591 | 34.987 | 3.380 | .10 | 27.839 | 27.839 | .74 | 1506.5 | 2.5254 |
| 2600. | 3.497 | 34.983 | 3.278 | . 29 | 27.846 | 27.846 | . 67 | 1507.7 | 2.5710 |
| 2800. | 3.315 | 34. <i>9</i> 72 | 3.079 | 2.38 | 27.854 | 27.855 | .74 | 1510.4 | 2.6659 |
| 3000. | 3.144 | 34.960 | 2.890 | .38 | 27.861 | 27.864 | .50 | 1515.0 | 2.7594 |
| 3200. | 2.990 | 34.949 | 2.718 | . 47 | 27.867 | 27.870 | .45 | 1515.8 | 2.8526 |
| 3400. | 2.854 | 34.941 | 2.563 | .33 | 27.873 | 27.877 | .50 | 1518.6 | 2.9446 |
| 3600. | 2.711 | 34.932 | 2.402 | . 44 | 27.879 | 27.884 | .53 | 1521.4 | J.0J6J |
| 38 00. | 2.593 | 34.925 | 2.265 | . 29 | 27.883 | 27.890 | .61 | 1524.7 | 3.1270 |
| 4000. | 2.493 | 34.918 | 2.145 | .53 | 27.887 | 27.895 | .50 | 1527.3 | 3.2171 |
| 4200. | 2.422 | 34.911 | 2.053 | . 25 | 27.887 | 27.897 | .43 | 1530.5 | 3.0071 |
| 4400. 4600. | 2.373 | 34.907 34.901 | 1.982 | .01 | 27.888 | 27.898 | .40 | 1500.7 | 3.7977 |
| 4000. | 2.339 | 34.701 | 1.924 | .32 | 27.886 | 27.898 | .32 | 1507.0 | 3.4894 |

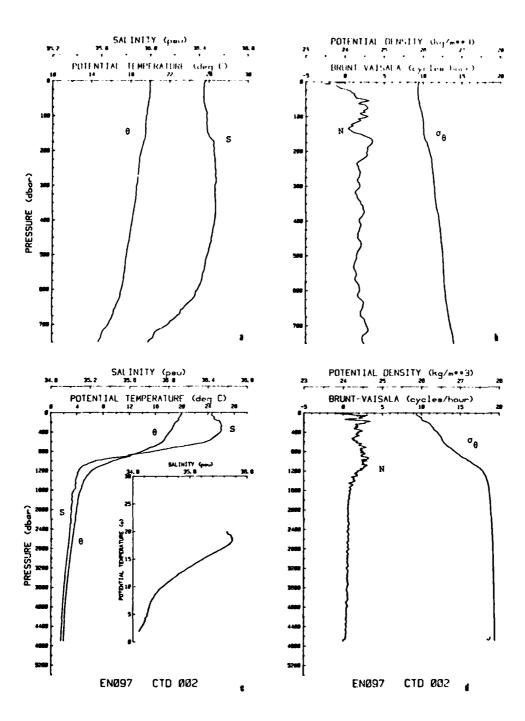


Figure 6. CTD station 2. Profiles of potential temperature (θ) and salinity (S), and Brunt-Väisälä frequency (N) and potential density (σ_{θ}) for the upper 750 m (a and b respectively) and for the entire cast (c and d respectively). θ -S diagram included in c.

Table 7: Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 3.

| EN097 | CTD OO | 3 19 | 83 103 0 | 654Z | 33 59.1 | 4N 70 1 | 1.19W | corrD | : 5366m |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|---------|----------------|-------|--------|---------|
| PRESS | TEMP | SALIN | POTEMP | POTGRD | SIGMA-t | POTDEN | BR-V | SSPEED | DYNHGT |
| dbar | oc | psu | o _C | m [©] C/db | kg/m¥≭3 | kg/m**3 | cph | m/s | dyn m |
| 2. | 19.771 | 36.463 | 19.771 | 0.00 | 25.956 | 25.940 | 0.00 | 1522.5 | 0.0000 |
| 6. | 19.781 | 36. 45 7 | 19.780 | -2.12 | 25.948 | 25.9 33 | -1.98 | 1522.6 | .0082 |
| 10. | 19.789 | 36.455 | 19.787 | -4.11 | 25.945 | 25.930 | 68 | 1522.7 | .0167 |
| 16. | 19.775 | 36.455 | 19.772 | 2.28 | 25.948 | 25.934 | 1.21 | 1522.7 | .0286 |
| 20. | 19.768 | 36.455 | 19.764 | 2.57 | 25.950 | 25.935 | 1.70 | 1522.8 | .0369 |
| 26. | 19.757 | 36.456 | 19.752 | -1.00 | 25.954 | 25.940 | 1.68 | 1522.9 | .0490 |
| 30. | 19.741 | 36.457 | 19.736 | .88 | 25.959 | 25.945 | 1.45 | 1522.9 | .0574 |
| 36. | 19.719 | 36.457 | 19.712 | 7.46 | 25.965 | 25.951 | 1.88 | 1522.9 | .0703 |
| 50. | 19.679 | 36.455 | 19.670 | 17.62 | 25.974 | 25.961 | 2.16 | 1523.0 | .0983 |
| 66. | 19.648 | 36.461 | 19.636 | .18 | 25.986 | 25.974 | .58 | 1523.2 | .1515 |
| 76. | 19.641 | 36.460 | 19.627 | .43 | 25.987 | 25.976 | . 95 | 1523.4 | . 1521 |
| 100. | 19.499 | 36.492 | 19.481 | 27.79 | 26.049 | 26.038 | 6.94 | 1523.4 | .2013 |
| 126. | 18.906 | 36.502 | 18.883 | 2.71 | 26.210 | 26.201 | 1.67 | 1522.2 | .2503 |
| 150. | 18.830 | 36.509 | 18.803 | 2.52 | 26.235 | 26.227 | 1.38 | 1522.4 | .2945 |
| 200. | 18.811 | 36.512 | 18.775 | .88 | 26.243 | 26.237 | .79 | 1523.2 | .3872 |
| 250. | 18.769 | 36.513 | 18.725 | 1.42 | 26.254 | 26.250 | 1.39 | 1523.2 | .4790 |
| 300. | | | | 2.52 | | | | | |
| | 18.635 | 36.526 | 18.582 | | 26.297 | 26.296 | 2.27 | 1524.3 | .5727 |
| 350. | 18.321 | 36.533 | 18.260 | 2.24 | 26.383 | 26.393 | 2.11 | 1524.3 | .6620 |
| 400. | 18.019 | 36.514 | 17.949 | 10.13 | 26.444 | 26.446 | 1.93 | 1524.2 | .7495 |
| 45 0. | 17.798 | 36.491 | 17.720 | 2.80 | 26.481 | 26.485 | 1.23 | 1524.4 | .8353 |
| 500. | 17.616 | 36.461 | 17.530 | 5.72 | 26.503 | 26.509 | 1.52 | 1524.6 | .9203 |
| 550. | 17.294 | 36.412 | 17.200 | 1.22 | 26.544 | 26.551 | 1.53 | 1524.4 | 1.0044 |
| 600. | 16.991 | 36.371 | 16.890 | -3.91 | 26.585 | 26.594 | 1.63 | 1524.3 | 1.0880 |
| 650. | 16.250 | 36.225 | 16.144 | 13.93 | 26.649 | 26.658 | 2.30 | 1522.7 | 1.1693 |
| 700. | 15.331 | 36.062 | 15.221 | 7.15 | 26.734 | 26.743 | 2.44 | 1520.5 | 1.2475 |
| 750. | 14.502 | 35.928 | 14.388 | 20.39 | 26.814 | 26.823 | 2.65 | 1518.6 | 1.3219 |
| 800. | 13.659 | 35.794 | 13.542 | 28.40 | 26.890 | 26.898 | 2.28 | 1516.5 | 1.3735 |
| 900. | 11.317 | 35.464 | 11.200 | 46.02 | 27.097 | 27.101 | 3.41 | 1509.9 | 1.5236 |
| 1000. | 9.164 | 35.223 | 9.049 | 34.52 | 27.286 | 27.286 | 2.68 | 1503.6 | 1.6310 |
| 1100. | 7.399 | 35.114 | 7.286 | 18.27 | 27.472 | 27.468 | 2.99 | 1498.5 | 1.7200 |
| 1200. | 6.134 | 35.077 | 6.021 | 1.88 | 27.617 | 27.611 | 1.92 | 1495.2 | 1.7919 |
| 1300. | 5.483 | 3 5. 063 | 5.366 | 7.24 | 27.688 | 27.682 | 1.42 | 1494.2 | 1.8532 |
| 1400. | 5.144 | 35.052 | 5.021 | 3.20 | 27.720 | 27.714 | 1.16 | 1494.5 | 1.9097 |
| 1500. | 4.778 | 35.037 | 4.649 | 2.15 | 27.751 | 27.745 | .90 | 1494.7 | 1.9635 |
| 1600. | 4.539 | 35.024 | 4.403 | 8.74 | 27.768 | 27.762 | .81 | 1495.3 | 2.0150 |
| 1800. | 4.208 | 35.010 | 4.057 | .39 | 27.793 | 27.788 | .74 | 1497.3 | 2.1153 |
| 2000. | 3.990 | 35.006 | 3.823 | .78 | 27.814 | 27.810 | .71 | 1499.7 | 2.2133 |
| 2200. | 3.817 | 35.001 | 3.633 | .88 | 27.827 | 27.825 | . 67 | 1502.4 | 2.3096 |
| 2400. | 3 .59 3 | 34.988 | 3.393 | 2.16 | 27.840 | 27.838 | . 67 | 1504.8 | 2.4047 |
| 2500. | 3.494 | 34.982 | 3.285 | 2.58 | 27.845 | 27.844 | .63 | 1506.0 | 2.4517 |
| 2600. | 3.414 | 34.978 | 3.196 | .27 | 27.849 | 27.849 | .56 | 1507.4 | 2.4985 |
| 2800. | 3.247 | 34.967 | 3.012 | .96 | 27.857 | 27.858 | .62 | 1510.1 | 2.5920 |
| 3000. | 3.062 | 34.955 | 2.809 | 28 | 27.865 | 27.866 | .60 | 1512.7 | 2.6841 |
| 3200. | 2.908 | 34.945 | 2.638 | .89 | 27.871 | 27.874 | . 67 | 1515.4 | 2.7754 |
| 3400. | 2.746 | 34.934 | 2.458 | 1.74 | 27.877 | 27.881 | .62 | 1518.1 | 2.8655 |
| 3600. | 2.639 | 34.930 | 2.332 | .72 | 27.893 | 27.888 | .51 | 1521.1 | 2.9546 |
| 3800. | 2.536 | 34.922 | 2.209 | .57 | 27.886 | 27.893 | .51 | 1524.1 | 3.0435 |
| 4000. | 2.456 | 34.917 | 2.109 | 08 | 27.889 | 27.896 | .41 | 1527.2 | 3.1721 |
| 4200. | 2.403 | 34.912 | 2.034 | .12 | 27.890 | 27.899 | . 26 | 1530.4 | 3.2217 |
| 4400. | 2.366 | 34.906 | 1.974 | . 3.9 | 27.888 | 27.899 | .32 | 1533.7 | 3.7114 |
| 4600. | 2.341 | 34.901 | 1.926 | .19 | 27.886 | 27.898 | .32 | 1537.0 | 3.4031 |
| 4800. | 2.325 | 34.898 | 1.886 | .08 | 27.885 | 27.899 | .17 | 1540.4 | 3.4951 |
| | | | | | | | / | | |

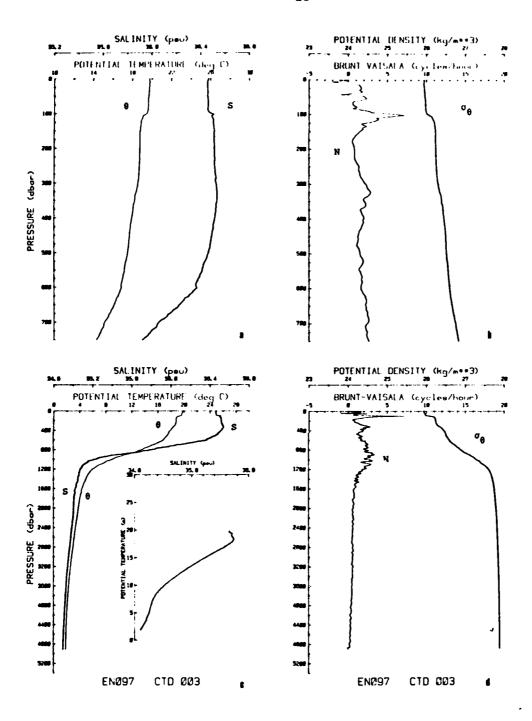


Figure 7. CTD station 3. Profiles of potential temperature (θ) and salinity (S), and Brunt-Väisälä frequency (N) and potential density (σ_{θ}) for the upper 750 m (a and b respectively) and for the entire cast (c and d respectively). θ -S diagram included in c.

Table 8: Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 4.

| EN097 | CTD OO | 4 19 | 83 105 1 | 1 8 00Z | 33 46.3 | 25N 69 5 | 9.21W | corrD | : 5373m |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| PRESS | TEMP | SALIN | POTEMP | POTGRD | SIGMA-t | POTDEN | BR-V | SSPEED | DYNHGT |
| dbar | oC | psu | °C | m [©] C/db | kg/m**3 | kg/m**3 | cph | m/s | dyn m |
| 2. | 19.805 | 36.447 | 19.805 | 0.00 | 25.934 | 25.919 | 0.00 | 1522.6 | 0.0000 |
| 6. | 19.787 | 36.441 | 19.786 | -6.34 | 25.934 | 25.919 | 1.61 | 1522.6 | .0078 |
| 10. | 19.749 | 36.439 | 19.748 | 14.77 | 25.943 | 25.928 | 2.78 | 1522.5 | .0161 |
| 16. | 19.708 | 36.438 | 19.705 | 3.64 | 25.953 | 25.939 | 1.77 | 1522.5 | .0280 |
| 20. | 19.700 | 36.438 | 19.696 | . 86 | 25.955 | 25.941 | 1.33 | 1522.6 | .0368 |
| 26. | 19.692 | 36.439 | 19.688 | 1.00 | 25.958 | 25.944 | 1.29 | 1522.7 | .0493 |
| 30. | 19.686 | 36.440 | 19.681 | .62 | 25.960 | 25.946 | 1.25 | 1522.7 | .0572 |
| 36. | 19.681 | 36.441 | 19.674 | .78 | 25.962 | 25.949 | . 93 | 1522.8 | .0698 |
| 50. | 19.655 | 36.446 | 19.646 | 7.21 | 25.973 | 25.960 | 3.12 | 1523.0 | .0982 |
| 66. | 19.525 | 36.469 | 19.513 | 9.38 | 26.025 | 26.012 | 4.21 | 1522.9 | .1308 |
| 76. | 19.431 | 36.490 | 19.417 | 4.65 | 26.065 | 26.053 | 2.27 | 1522.8 | .1507 |
| 100. | 19.278 | 36,503 | 19.259 | 11.65 | 26.115 | 26.105 | 3.10 | 1522.8 | .1977 |
| 126. | 19.192 | 36.519 | 19.169 | 9.84 | 26.149 | | 3.00 | 1523.0 1523.1 | .2480 |
| 150. | 19.069 | 36.524 | 19.042 | 2.20 | 26.185 | 26.177 | 2.58 .85 | 1523.1 | .2936 .3842 |
| 200. 250 | 18.651 | 36.516 | 18.615 | .99 .22 | 26.286 | 26.280 | - 94 | 1523.5 | . 4754 |
| 250. | 18.644 | 36.521 36.522 | 18.599 18.526 | 1.37 | 26.292 26.309 | 26.288 26.307 | 1.02 | 1524.2 | .5668 |
| 300. 3 5 0. | 18.580 18.531 | 36.527 | 18.469 | 2.43 | 26.307 | | 1.34 | 1524.9 | . 4577 |
| 400. | 18.194 | 36.525 | 18.124 | 4.88 | 26.323 | | 2.13 | 1524.7 | .7478 |
| 450. | 17.952 | 36.509 | 17.874 | 3.45 | | | 1.98 | 1524.8 | .8348 |
| 500. | 17.648 | 36.467 | 17.562 | 4.44 | | | 1.59 | 1524.7 | .9205 |
| 550. | 17.409 | 36.430 | 17.315 | 2.37 | 26.530 | | 1.15 | 1524.8 | 1.0053 |
| 600. | 17.110 | 36.382 | 17.009 | 4.67 | | | 2.00 | 1524.7 | 1.0900 |
| 65 0. | 16.527 | 36.275 | 16.420 | 31.57 | 26.622 | 26.632 | 2.34 | 1523.6 | 1.1725 |
| 700. | 15.610 | 36.113 | 15.499 | 3.58 | | | 2.14 | 1521.5 | 1.2521 |
| 750. | 14.678 | 35 .95 3 | 14.563 | 10.62 | | | 2.65 | 1519.2 | 1.3283 |
| 800. | 13.633 | 35.790 | 13.516 | 21.41 | 26.892 | 26.900 | 2.78 | 1516.4 | 1.3997 |
| 900. | 11.122 | 35.425 | 11.007 | 16.62 | | 27.106 | 3.02 | 1509.2 | 1.5282 |
| 1000. | 8.858 | 35.187 | 8.745 | 34.04 | 27.307 | 27.306 | 2.63 | 1502.4 | 1.6338 |
| 1100. | 7.116 | 35.109 | 7.005 | 4.55 | 27.509 | | 2.99 | 1497.4 | 1.7210 |
| 1200. | 6.035 | 35.078 | 5.923 | 2.66 | | | 1.87 | 1494.8 | 1.7897 |
| 1300. | 5.361 | 35.065 | 5.245 | 10.03 | | | 1.72 | 1493.7 | 1.8491 |
| 1400. | 5.005 | 35.049 | 4.883 | 11.80 | | | 1.15 | 1493.9 | 1.9038 |
| 1500. | 4.718 | 35,038 | 4.589 | 1.76 | | | . 96 | 1494.4 | 1.9559 |
| 1600. | 4.567 | 35.037 | 4.431 | 1.20 | | | .90 | 1495.5 | 2.0068 |
| 1800. | 4.141 | 35.005 | 3.991 | 05 | | | • 66 | 1497.0 | 2.1056 |
| 2000. | 3.964 | 35.007 | 3.797 | .66 | | 27.813 27.828 | .83 | 1499.6 | 2.2021 2.2968 |
| 2200. | 3.719 | 34.992 | 3.536 | .10 .91 | | | .60 .57 | 1501.9 1504.7 | 2.3909 |
| 2400. 2500. | 3.567 3.476 | 34.988 34.982 | 3.366 3.267 | 2.84 | | | .63 | 1504.0 | 2.4376 |
| 2600. | 3.398 | 34.979 | 3.181 | 1.48 | | | .58 | 1507.3 | 2.4842 |
| 2800. | 3.223 | 34.968 | 2.988 | .61 | | | .58 | 1510.0 | 2.5768 |
| 3000. | 3.054 | 34.957 | 2.802 | .48 | | | .51 | 1512.6 | 2.6685 |
| 3200. | 2.891 | 34.947 | 2.621 | 1.55 | | | . 58 | 1515.3 | 2.7591 |
| 3400. | 2.736 | 34.937 | 2.449 | | | | .52 | 1518.1 | 2.8485 |
| 3600. | 2.635 | 34.932 | 2.328 | . 64 | | | .52 | 1521.1 | 2.9371 |
| 3800. | 2.525 | 34.925 | 2.199 | | | | . 46 | 1524.0 | 3.0253 |
| 4000. | 2.440 | 34.919 | 2.093 | 10 | | | .43 | 1527.1 | 3.1137 |
| 4200. | 2.387 | 34.913 | 2.018 | .13 | | 27.901 | .30 | 1530.3 | 3.2017 |
| 4400. | 2.353 | 34,909 | 1.962 | .04 | | | .25 | 1533.6 | 5.2910 |
| 4600. | 2.335 | 34.903 | 1.920 | .12 | | | . 26 | 1537.0 | 3.3821 |
| 4800. | 2.327 | 34,901 | 1.888 | | | | .21 | 1540.4 | 3.4747 |
| 5000. | 2.321 | 34.897 | 1.858 | . 27 | | | .22 | 1543.9 | |
| 52 00. | 2.309 | 34.893 | 1.821 | .00 | 27.882 | 27.900 | . 28 | 1547.3 | 3.656 0 |

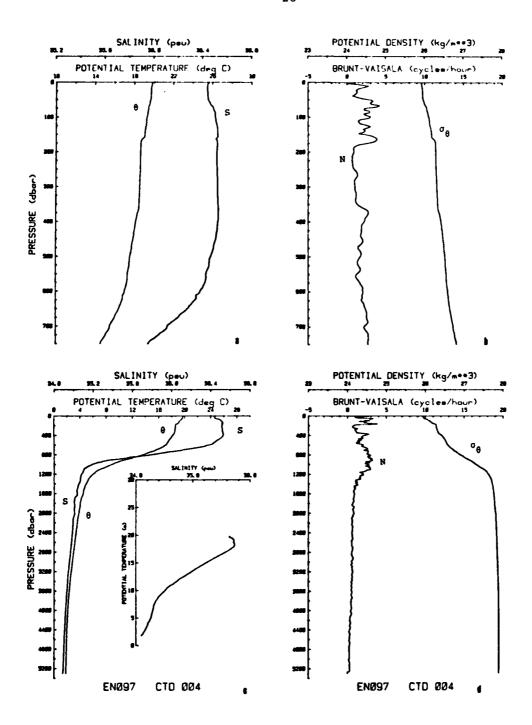


Figure 8. CTD station 4. Profiles of potential temperature (θ) and salinity (S), and Brunt-Väisälä frequency (N) and potential density (σ_{θ}) for the upper 750 m (a and b respectively) and for the entire cast (c and d respectively). θ -S diagram included in c.

Table 9: Listing of CTD data and derived quantities for station 5.

| EN097 | CTD 005 19 | | 78 3 107 1359Z | | 34 01.53N 69 5 | | 7.12W corrD: 5 366 | | : 5366m |
|------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|
| PRESS | TEMP | SALIN | POTEMP | POTGRD | SIGMA-t | POTDEN | BR-V | SSPEED | DYNHGT |
| dbar | OC | psu | C | m ^O C/db | kg/m**3 | kg/m**3 | cph | m/s | dyn m |
| 3. | 19.690 | 36.445 | 19.689 | 0.00 | 25.964 | 25.948 | 0.00 | 1522.3 | 0.0000 |
| 6. | 19.701 | 36.439 | 19.699 | -1.85 | 25.956 | 25.940 | -1.78 | 1522.4 | |
| 10. | 19.704 | 36.439 | 19.703 | -1.24 | 25.955 | 25.940 | 92 | 1522.4 | .0157 |
| 16. | 19.706 | 36.439 | 19.703 | .52 | 25.954 | 25.939 | .69 | 1522.5 | .0280 |
| 20. | 19.706 | 36.439 | 19.702 | .30 | 25.954 | 25.940 | .51 | 1522.6 | .0355 |
| 26. 30. | 19.707 19.706 | 36.439 36.440 | 19.702 19.700 | 53 .71 | 25.954 25.955 | 25.940 25.941 | .73 | 1522.7 1522.8 | .0479 |
| 36. | 19.707 | 36.440 | 19.701 | .11 | 25.955 | 25.941 | • 9 7 | 1522.9 | .0689 |
| 50. | 19.705 | 36.442 | 19.696 | .33 | 25.957 | 25.944 | • 7 7 | 1523.1 | .0981 |
| 66. | 19.688 | 36.447 | 19.676 | 1.73 | 25.965 | 25.953 | 1.09 | 1523.3 | .1309 |
| 76. | 19.678 | 36.449 | 19.664 | 1.80 | 25.969 | 25.958 | 1.09 | 1523.5 | .1518 |
| 100. | 19.603 | 36.453 | 19.585 | 11.49 | 25.992 | 25.981 | 2.45 | 1523.7 | .2011 |
| 126. | 19.457 | 36.461 | 19.434 | 10.75 | 26.036 | 26.027 | 3.77 | 1523.7 | .2546 |
| 150. | 19.343 | 36.535 | 19.316 | -4.28 | 26.122 | 26.114 | 2.90 | 1523.9 | .3021 |
| 200. | 18.967 | 36.530 | 18.931 | 7.58 | 26.216 | | 0.00 | 1523.6 | .3981 |

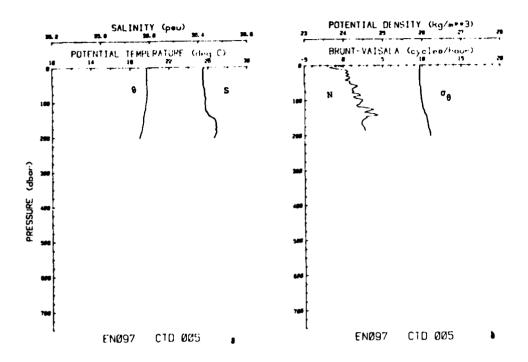


Figure 9. CTD station 5. Profiles of potential temperature (θ) and salinity (S), and Brunt-Väisälä frequency (N) and potential density (σ_{θ}) for the upper 202 m.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK
INTENTIONALLY

b. XBT Data

Expendable bathythermograph data were collected approximately every 20 km (i.e., hourly) along 70°W between 40°N and 34°N during the trip to the LOTUS area.

A description of the instrumentation and preliminary data processing procedures associated with the XBTs appears in Briscoe and Trask (1983).

The depths of the whole degree isotherms were transcribed from the strip chart records and plotted. Figure 10 is a chart showing the location of individual XBTs taken during the trip south. Figure 11 shows the XBT section from the southbound trip. Vertical exaggeration of the XBT sections is 1:463. Figure 12 is an overplot of all the XBTs made in the LOTUS area during ENDEAVOR cruise 97 (numbers 29-35). This presentation shows the range of temperatures observed due to the combined effects of the temporal and spatial variations.

All LOTUS XBT traces are supplied to the National Oceanographic Data Center for inclusion in the National files for general access and usage.

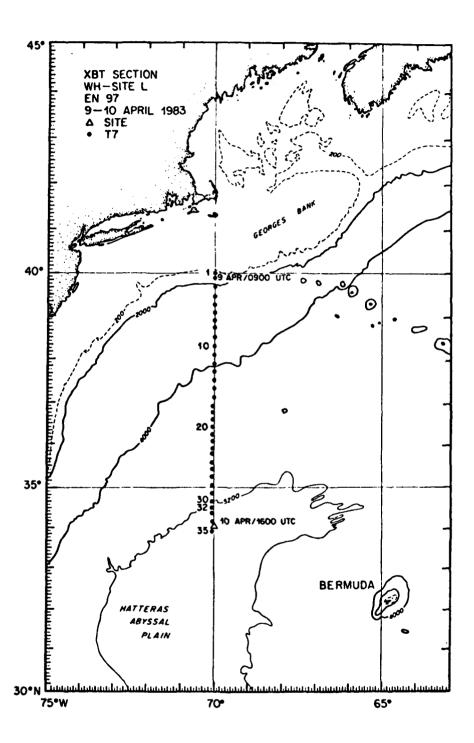


Figure 10. Chart showing the location of individual XBTs taken during the trip south to the LOTUS area.

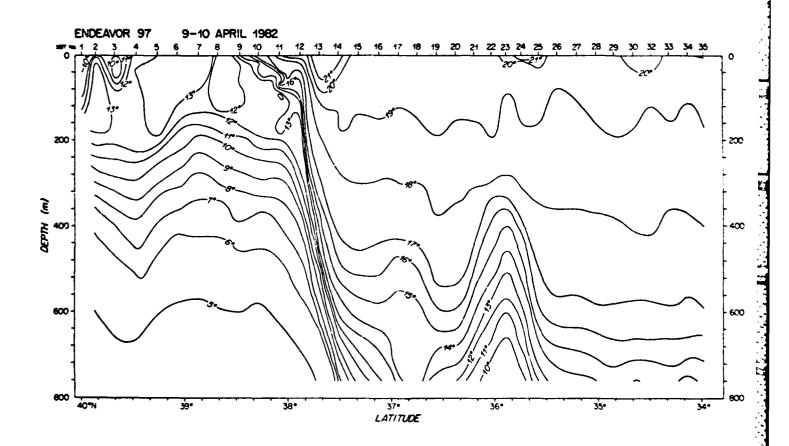


Figure 11. XBT section from the southbound trip along 70°W between 40°N and 34°N.

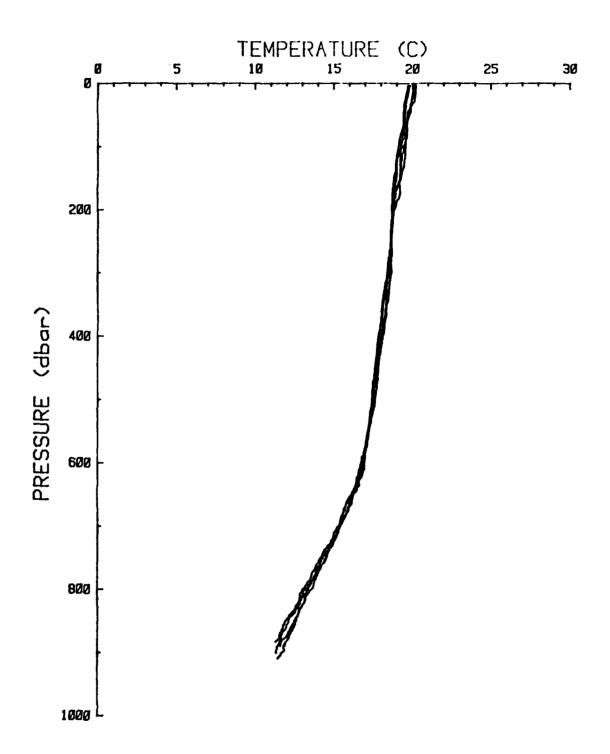


Figure 12. An overplot of all the XBTs taken in the LOTUS area during ENDEAVOR cruise 97.

References

- Briscoe, M. G., and R. P. Trask, 1983. The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS), An introduction to the experiment and its instrumentation. Woods Hole Oceano. Inst. Tech. Rept., in preparation.
- Bryden, H. L., 1973. New polynomials for thermal expansion, adiabatic temperature gradient and potential temperature of sea water. Deep-Sea
 Res., 20, 401-408.
- Chen, C-T., and F. J. Millero, 1977. Speed of sound in sea water at high pressures. J. Acoust. Soc. Amer., 62, No. 5, 1129-1135.
- Deser, C., R. A. Weller, M. G. Briscoe, 1983. Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS) at 34°N, 70°W: Meteorological Sensors, Data, and Heat Fluxes for May-October 1982 (LOTUS-3 and LOTUS-4). Woods Hole Oceano. Inst. Tech. Rept. 83-32.
- Fofonoff, N. P., 1977. Computation of potential temperature of sea water for an arbitrary reference pressure. Deep-Sea Res., 24, 489-491.
- Lewis, E. L., and R. G. Perkin, 1981. The practical salinity scale 1978: conversion of existing data. <u>Deep-Sea Res.</u>, 28, 307-328.
- Millero, F. J., C-T. Chen, A. Bradshaw, and K. Schleicher, 1980. A new high pressure equation of state for sea water. Deep-Sea Res., 27A, 255-264.
- Trask, R. P., 1981. Mechanical and operational details of a Neil Brown
 Instrument Systems internally recording conductivity, temperature, depth
 (CTD) profiler. Woods Hole Oceano. Inst. Tech. Rept. 81-74.
- Trask, R. P., M. G. Briscoe, and N. J. Pennington, 1982. Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS), A summary of the historical data and engineering test data. Woods Hole Oceano. Inst. Tech. Rept. 82-53.
- Trask, R. P., M. G. Briscoe, 1983. The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS)

 Cruise summary and hydrographic data report CCEANUS 119 May 1982.

 Woods Hole Oceano. Inst. Tech. Rept. 83-7.
- Trask, R. P., M. G. Briscoe, 1983. The Long Term Upper Ocean Study (LOTUS)

 Cruise summary and hydrographic data report OCEANUS 129 October 1982.

 Woods Hole Oceano. Inst. Tech. Rept. 83-29.

APPENDIX I

Recovery of LOTUS-4

The LOTUS-4 surface mooring parted on the 18th of February 1983 after being on station for 110 days. The failure was detected when the mooring tensions transmitted from the buoy via the ARGOS satellite based data collection system dropped from typical values of 2500 pounds down to 1500 pounds and when the buoy position as determined by ARGOS indicated that the buoy had moved off station and was drifting to the southwest. The tension readings made at the apex of the rigid bridle were an indication of what portion of the mooring hung below the buoy. Based on a knowledge of instrument and wire rope weights the 1500 pound tension values indicated that the mooring had probably failed below most of the intrumentation in the vicinity of the 5/16" wire rope (Figure A-1). With 1500 pounds suspended from the rigid bridle the buoy remained stable with little chance of flipping over. In the upright position the buoy could continue to transmit information and be tracked.

The buoy and the upper portion of the mooring drifted to the west southwest at an average rate of 11 km/day. Figure A-2 shows the track the buoy followed as it drifted from its moored position to the final recovery site at 33°49.26'N, 72°32.53'W. The R/V KNORR recovered the surface buoy and the suspended instrumenation on the 10th of March while steaming from Barbados to Woods Hole (Cruise 99, Leg 6). Recovery of the mooring revealed that the failure had occurred at approximately 1000 meters depth in the second 500 meter shot of 5/16" wire rope as had been suspected.

Determination of the cause of the failure was essential in order that the necessary precautions could be taken with the other LOTUS surface moorings that followed. Based on the configuration of the wire rope at the time of recovery and on a review of the setting procedures, a probable cause of the failure was determined. The sequence of events which led to the failure are outlined below.

During the LOTUS-4 deployment the buoy was placed in the water and the upper 350 meters of the mooring were deployed rather slowly as in previous deployments since a number of current meters had to be shackled in place and the Aanderaa thermistor chains attached to the mooring cable. Once this upper

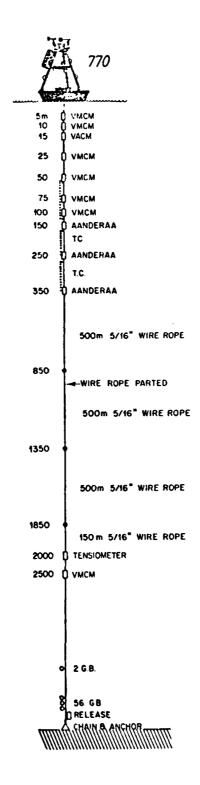


Figure A-1. Mooring diagram of the LOTUS-4 surface mooring.

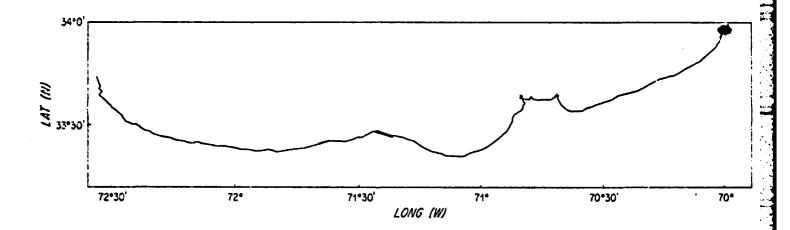


Figure A-2. The track the LOTUS-4 surface buoy followed as it drifted from its moored position to the final recovery site.

instrumentation was in the water the 5/16" wire rope followed. The first 500 m shot of 5/16" wire rope essentially lowered all the instrumentation so that it hung directly below the buoy while the remaining shots of wire formed a catenary between the ship and the bottom of the instrumentation. The problem occurred during the deployment of the second 500 meter shot of 5/16" wire rope. The mooring payout rate exceeded the ship's speed through the water which did not allow the mooring to stretch out between the ship and the buoy. Instead the wire rope appears to have crossed over itself and fouled on a shackle pin at the bottom of the first 500 m shot. Once the anchor was deployed the tension in the mooring line prevented the wire rope from freeing itself. Kinks and twists in the recovered wire rope which presumably occurred when the tension increased at anchor drop weakened the wire rope and led to its failure after 110 days. In subsequent deployments close attention will be paid to payout rates and ship speeds in order to prevent a similar occurrence.

We have discovered that the Institute für Meerskunde in Kiel, Germany, has had similar deployment problems (W. Zenk, personal communication, 1983); they are testing a solution using air-filled fisherman floats along the wire rope to keep it surfaced and thus prevent a kinking catenary.

In retrospect, we are pleased that the kinked mooring lasted through 110 days of a winter deployment before failing. This suggests the mooring design is probably adequate for the conditions.

APPENDIX II

CHRONOLOGICAL SUMMARY

ENDEAVOR-097

8-19 APRIL 1983

(all times UTC=EST+5)

8 April - Day 98

2245Z : Preparing to leave dock at Woods Hole.

9 April - Day 99

01002 : Science meeting in main lab.

0205Z : Some problems with the NAV85 program, including memory overflow,

Error 110, and bad parameters.

0820Z : First XBT in hourly section along 70°W, nominal.

0830Z : Commence echo sounding to get bathymetry under the XBT section.

1530Z : Fire and boat drill.

1850Z : XBT's and Error 110 on NAV85 continue.
1900Z : Compared WHOI and URI bucket temperatures:

Lab readout : 20.3°C (at 5 m depth)

URI bucket : 19.0 WHOI bucket : 20.3

(MGB note: Surface variable during this period; should not use

these results as definitive.)

10 April - Day 100

| 1420Z | : | Changed NAV85 ASF's to LOTUS area values, i.e. 2.25 and 2.29 for |
|-------|---|--|
| | | x and y; had been using the Woods Hole values of 3.79, 1.51. |
| | | NAV85 did not accept the new values: had to Reinitialize. |

1700Z : Near 770 (LOTUS-4) anchor. Trying to talk to the release. Drift

1.3-1.5 kts to 350-360°T, wind 12-14 kts from the South.
1724Z: Release fired; balls should surface on port quarter.

1827z : Balls in sight.

18552 : Some confusion on where the balls are; acoustics not in agreement.

19262 : Problem was our acoustics were sometimes transponding on the old, nearby, PCM release.

1928Z : Maneuvering for the balls.

19382 : Balls and release aboard. Hauling 770 remains.

2124Z : 770's deep VMCM aboard. Some mud on it but otherwise it looks

gooa.

21462 : Cut the wire rope after recovering the tensiometer, because

several wuzzles were showing up. The bitter end wasn't worth it.

2239Z : Decision to launch and recover two of the NCAR drifters tonight.

11 April - Day 101

| 01 10 Z | : | Drifter 1866 over at 34°01.76'N, 69°55.95'W, with 2s flash rate |
|---------|---|---|
| | | strobe on it. |

- 02122 : Heavy rain put LORAN off air, system back up at 0234.
- 0215Z : Second drifter, 1867, launched with 1s flash rate strobe on it. Approximate position 34°02.1'N, 69°56.3'W.
- 03332 : Release tests in progress; steaming on wire.
- 04472 : Release tests completed. Move to drifters.
- 0503Z : H/T. Drifters about 1/2 mile ahead.
- 0735Z : Wind making it difficult to keep the drifters and the wind on the
- 1010Z : Have installed 400 MHz RDF antenna on the flying bridge.
- 1131Z : RDF'ing on the drifters works well. Excellent signals at 1 1/2 miles, pretty good bearings on the beam and astern, perhaps 20° errors on the bow.
- 1137Z : Overnight the drifters made 0.6-0.8 kts to about 345°T, with kinks and whorls.
- 1150Z : Close by the drifters, taking pictures, at 34°08.7'N, 69°58.8'W.
- 1155Z : Bow between the two drifters, at 34°08.784'N, 69°58.63'W.
- 11562 : Calculated starting point and target for setting LOTUS-5, based on wind 15-25 kts from 270°T, and setting 0.6-0.8 kts to 350°T.
- 12302 : Decision (with Clay and Simoneau) to wait out weather before setting LOTUS-5.
- 1338Z : CTD No. 1 underway east of Site L (34°N, 70°W).
- 1448Z : Messengers away.
- 15072 : Double ping detected.
- 16312 : CTD on board and secured.
- 18082 : On station for setting LOTUS-5. Checking drift.
- 1855Z : Buoy in water. Knocked off Payne's humidity sensor at launch;
 - crane whip caught it.
- 2056Z : Spoke with Clayt Collins via WHOI SSB on 6 MHz, arranged thru URI who called WHOI to have them call us. His last ARGOS position for drifters 1866 and 1867 was at 1255Z, during our keeping station on them.

12 April - Day 102

- 0048Z : Anchor over for mooring 787 (LOTUS-5). Range/bearing to surface float 2.78 miles at 103°T.
- 0248Z : All power off on ship for a few minutes.
- 0542Z : CTD station No. 2 underway north of Site L.
- 07082 : Messenger drop.
- 0734Z : Winding problems with winch.
- 11072 : CTD on board and secured.
- 1415Z : Release fired for 766 recovery.
- 14412 : ARGOS positions for LOTUS-5 from Clayt Collins via KXC713: 102/07222; 34.005 N, 70.054 W.
- 1533Z : Top sphere aboard.
- 19502 : Dual release aboard; recovery of 766 complete.

21302 : Standing by 787 (LOTUS-5) to intercompare buoy and shipborne

meteorological sensors.

23192 : Winds about 20 kts from 270°T (assume ship will set 0.7 kts to

090°T), ship drift about 0.4 kts to 146°T; implies current is 0.6 kts to 236°T. Will start setting 788 eight miles ENE of desired anchor position, which allows 4 hours at 2 kts over the bottom.

13 April - Day 103

0040Z : Commencing launch of 788.

04472 : Anchor over. 05192 : Radio off.

0526Z : Anchor on bottom.

0639Z : CTD No. 3 underway West of Site L.

09322 : CTD on board and secured.

1022Z : Intercomparison meteorological data with LOTUS-5.

13002 : Secure from anemometer calibrations.

13292 : Test releases on hydro wire (two lowerings).

1643Z : Steam SW to dump wire from Pengo.

1930Z : Commence acoustic survey of release positions on 787, 788.

2206Z : Survey complete. Move to prospective PCM site for bathymetry

survey.

14 April - Day 104

00052 : Bottom survey at PCM site complete. Uncorrected depth 5302 m, or

5363 m corrected by 5 m transducer depth plus 56 m "Mathews"

correction.

0023Z : Ship drift is to SW, wind is from NNW, therefore current set is

to WSW, so commence drifter deployment two miles South of 787

(LOTUS-5).

01102 : Drifter 1869 in water.

Oll8Z : Drifter 1868 (with light) in water.

02082 : Drifting with the drifters.

03402 : Meteorological sensor intercomparison with LOTUS-5.

07502 : Proceeding to mooring 765 to interrogate test releases.

10162 : Tests complete; standing by 765.

1259Z : Released 765.

1305Z : Top ball-cluster on surface nearby.

1412Z : Communication with Keith Bradley via ATS; requested 2030Z SSB

schedule with Clayt Collins on KXC713 for latest drifter

positions from ARGOS.

1541Z : Mooring 765 aboard. Prepare for new intermediate mooring

deployment.

1738Z : Top ball-cluster in water for deployment of mooring 789.

2041Z : Anchor in.

2054Z : ARGOS positions for 1868 and 1869 from 14/0103Z from Clayt via

KXC713. (NOTE: this is before we deployed them.)

21122 : Radio float off. Steam for 764 site.

2224Z : Ham radio contact with Clayt Collins (WlHLL) on 3866 kHz (with

relay help of AllW) to obtain NASA/Goddard positions for drifters

at 1952Z.

23102 : Nothing heard from 764 release interrogation.

23112 : Fired 764 release. Put extra eyes on bridge to watch for

balls/light. Kenwood TS430S in lab tuned to 26.995 MHz.

23232 : Scott Worrilow hears faint warble on lab radio.

(approx.)

15 April - Day 105

of the antenna pattern from the 18V vertical connected to the TS430S; directionality caused by antenna location on the port after side of the bridge and wheelhouse. Bridge radio (Drake MSR-2) unable to hear the warble on 26.995 MHz. Strongest signal to SW confirms suggestion from Clara Deser and Peter Clay based on early June 1982 SW excursion of LOTUS-3 surface buoy.

0033Z : Steaming West to keep signal on port side of ship.

00412 : Bob Reid gives port beam indication from OAR RDF loop. Course

change to 180°T.

0044Z : George Tupper hears faint pinger on PGR. Radio signal not heard

on this southerly course.

0059Z : Going to slow and circle the ship again.

01042 : Radio signal strongest on a ship heading of 270°T and weakest at

150°T.

01132 : Acoustics give 7.51 km slant range.

0121Z : Steady on 225°T.

01252 : Range 6.1 km.

01332 : Range 4.72 km.

0140Z : Range 3.50 km.

01432 : Light seen on starboard bow.

0155Z : 1 km range.

02132 : Ship's searchlight on top ball-cluster. Commence pickup.

04342 : Release on board. No work planned overnight.

13052 : Steaming for position to start setting 790; dumped wire off Pengo

enroute.

1406Z : Commence setting 790.

17402 : Anchor in. Move nearby for CTD station.

18032 : CTD No. 4 underway near 790 (South of Site L).

2044Z : KXC713 radio information from Clayt; NASA positions for drifters

1868 and 1869 as of 15/1941z.

21112 : CTD on deck and secured. Steam to PCM site.

22112 : Near LOTUS-5 checking ship drift.

23392 : Commence setting PCM, 6 miles West of anchor target.

16 April - Day 106

03492 : Anchor in.

0436Z : Anchor on bottom.

04452 : Acoustic survey start.

05332 : Survey completed: begin search for drifters 1868 and 1869. Will

go West just south of 34°00'N, as far as 71°00'W, based on NASA

positions.

12022 : From Clayt on 7225 kHz; position from NASA for LOTUS-5 at 15/19412 is 18 miles West and 4.5 miles South of actual position. We decide to continue search for drifters. ARGOS system is down (in Washington, D.C.), and it is Saturday so NASA is not working (but their fixes are wrong, anyway).

1815Z : Still no new fixes from Clayt; continuing search.

2304Z: Bad weather forecast for overnight and tomorrow. Have moved current meters from their rack in the fantail into the main lab. Will deploy the third drifter here at 34°00'N, 70°30'W.

2355Z : Drifter in water.

17 April - Day 107

00302 : Comparison of shipborne meteorological sensors with drifter.

0205Z : Move to LOTUS-5 position.

06492 : Near LOTUS-5.

09002 : Commence anemometer calibrations.

12252 : Moving to PCM site to obtain a shallow CTD station for conductivity intercomparison.

1258Z : Clayt on 7230 kHz; ARGOS back up and gives drifter positions for 107/0131Z.

1326Z : We were searching too far South; apparently the wind had shifted and was influencing their drift.

1359Z : Commence CTD shallow station No. 5 to be simultaneous with PCM 1400Z profile.

1432Z : CTD on deck and secured after a 3-cycle yo-yo to 200 m. Begin steaming toward drifters.

1645Z : Another fix from Clayt via 40 m band; for 107/0802Z.

1710Z: We work out a probable arrival at the drifters of 1900Z, and predict their location for that time.

1900Z : Blips on RDF radio, starboard bow.

19302 : Close by drifter 1869; signals all ok, but wind sensors are broken off.

19502 : Close by drifter 1868; no data being received from its thermistor chain.

2008Z : Will recover 1868 and move its tower to another drifter for redeployment.

2145Z : New drifter in.

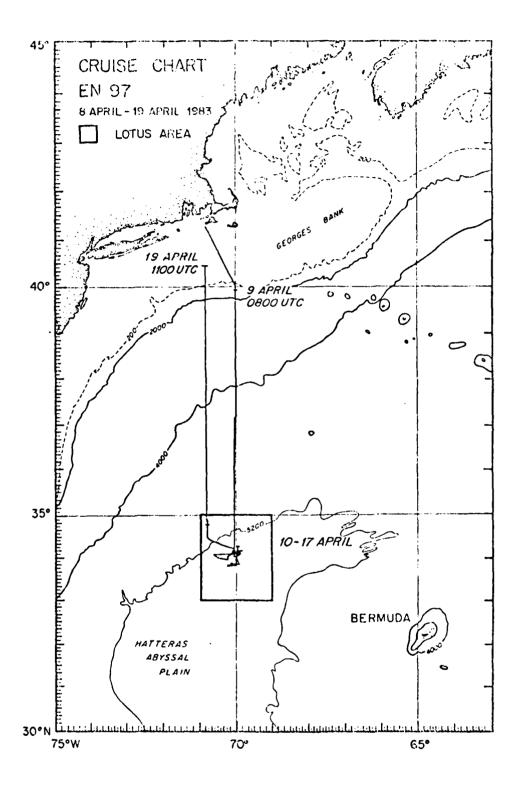
21502 : Head for home via 71°W for a XBT section for Narragansett Fisheries.

18 April - Day 108

14552 : In Gulf Stream. Captain reports bad weather ahead. Decide to cancel Fisheries' XBT section due to probable bad conditions on deck during the night.

19 April - Day 109

1354Z : All fast WHOI dock. Commence unloading.



#igure A-3. Cruise track of ENDEAVOR cruise number 97.

MANDATORY DISTRIBUTION LIST

FOR UNCLASSIFIED TECHNICAL REPORTS, REPRINTS, AND FINAL REPORTS
PUBLISHED BY OCEANOGRAPHIC CONTRACTORS OF THE OCEAN SCIENCE
AND TECHNOLOGY DIVISION OF THE OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH

(Revised October 1983)

Deputy Under Secretary of Defense
 (Research and Advanced Technology)
 Military Assistant for Environmental Science
 Room 3D129
 Washington, DC 20301

Office of Naval Research 800 North Quincy Street Arlington, VA 22217

3 Attn: (Code applicable to Program) *

1 Attn: Code 420C

2 Attn: Code 102C

Commanding Officer Naval Research Laboratory Washington, DC 20375

6 Attn: Library Code 2627

1 Attn: Library Code 2620, Mr. Peter Imhof

12 Defense Technical Information Center Cameron Station Alexandria, VA 22314 Attn: DCA

> Commander Naval Oceanographic Office NSTL Station Bay St. Louis, MS 39522

Attn: Code 8100
 Attn: Code 6000
 Attn: Code 3300

1 NODC/NOAA
Code D781
Wisconsin Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20235

^{*} Applicable Codes: 422 (PO); 422CB (Chem/Bio); 422CS (Coastal); 425 (G&G); 425AR (Arctic); 421 (OE); 421SP (Ships); 425OA (Ocean Acoustics); 425UA (Underwater Acoustics)

